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	Local Priorities	Scenario 1: Station Area Mixed-Use Village	Scenario 2: UVU Mixed-Use Village	Scenario 3: Neighborhood Infill
enarios Comparison	Safe pedestrian routes	New street grid includes sidewalks; existing sidewalks connect to the new network (ADA compliant)	New street grid includes sidewalks; existing sidewalks connect to the new network (ADA compliant)	New streets include sidewalks, but less focus on creating a connected network than other scenarios (when built, ADA compliant)
	Trails connecting the station to other parts of UVU and regional amenities	2.9 miles of new dedicated pathways in study area, plus "complete streets" (streets that include bike lanes and sidewalks)	No dedicated pathways, but 4.8 miles of "complete streets" in the study area (streets that include bike lanes and sidewalks)	O miles of new trails
	More parking garages	Emphasis on internal/wrapped parking garages to meet needs	Emphasis on internal/wrapped parking garages to meet needs	Emphasis on surface parking, no new parking garages
	Safe bike routes	2.9 miles of new dedicated pathways in study area, plus "complete streets" (streets that include bike lanes and sidewalks)	4.8 miles of "complete streets" in the study area (streets that include bike lanes and sidewalks)	No new bike lanes or pathways
	Ability to move cars more efficiently	Improved station area street network with additional station connections at University Parkway and 800 South	Improved station area/UVU street network with additional station connections at University Parkway and 800 South	Minimally connected station area street grid; no new ways to get in and out of the station area
	Affordable housing	Efficient use of land enables lower cost housing and use of incentives that require 10% affordable housing and fund parking garages/other amenities (no cost to taxpayer)	Efficient use of land enables lower cost housing; use of incentives may require 5-10% affordable housing and fund parking garages/other amenities (no cost to taxpayer), provides UVU student housing	Inefficient use of land likely makes housing at station cost prohibitive to build or buy; tax payer funding required to replace surface lots (on which new housing is built) with new surface lot; minimal UVU student housing
	Passive greenspace	66.5 acres new open space, including preserved acres for farming or recreation (taxpayer funded), passive greenspace between the train and freeway, and urban forest pockets in the station area	2.2 acres new open space, some of which may be passive in use	New 1.3 acre park in the southwest part of the study area, may have passive uses
	Placemaking	Large station area plaza, destination street, and smaller plazas/parks provide places for gathering and things to do (e.g. ice skating ribbon, outdoor dining)	Dual plazas at either end of the pedestrian bridge provide space for gathering and a rotating mix of things to; smaller scale mixed-use streets provide outdoor dining	Little focus on placemaking, though a park in the southwest part of the study area could foster some sense of place
	Reduced surface parking lots	Surface parking significantly reduced and replaced with a village that includes parking garages	Surface parking significantly reduced and replaced with a village that includes parking garages	Relies on surface parking lots, including constructing a large lot between the train and the freeway (taxpayer funded)
SC(	Day-to-day needs/services	100% of new residents within ¼ mile (walking distance) of goods and services	100% of new residents within ¼ mile (walking distance) of goods and services	28% of new residents within ¼ mile (walking distance) of goods and services